Rehospitalization Intervention Program Objectives:

- Reduce 30-Day rehospitalizations for Pneumonia, CHF & COPD
- Initiate Respiratory Therapy into the Plan of Care
- . Utilize Prevention Strategies



PEL/VIP All Facilities

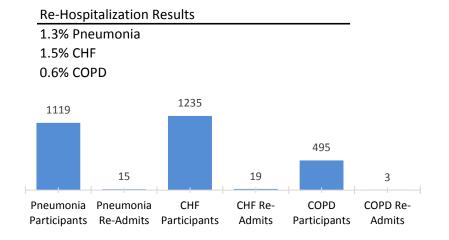
Cardio-Pulmonary Participant Report July 2018

The U.S. Average for 30-Day Re-Hospitalization Rates*:

- . 16.9% for Pneumonia
- . 21.6% for CHF
- . 19.8% for COPD

Results Summary: 1570 Total Participants

Participant Breakdown: Pneumonia - 733 High Risk, 386 Low Risk; CHF - 899 High Risk, 336 Low Risk; COPD - 436 High Risk, 59 Low Risk



30-Day Nursing Home CMS Quality Measures

- 22% of short stay participants were successfully discharged to the community
- 0% of short stay participants had an outpatient emergency department visit
- 11% of short stay participants were re-hospitalized for any reason
- 4% of short stay participants were re-hospitalized for a cardio-pulmonary reason

^{*}medicare.gov/hospitalcompare

^{*379} other participants were able to benefit from the use of Respiratory Services outside of the Cardio-Pulmonary Program