Re-hospitalization Intervention Program Objectives:

- . Reduce 30-Day Re-hospitalizations for Pneumonia, CHF & COPD
- Initiate Respiratory Therapy into the Plan of Care
- . Utilize Prevention Strategies



PEL/VIP Company Wide

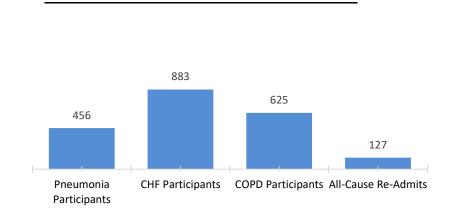
Cardio-Pulmonary Participant Report
May 2021

The U.S. Average for 30-Day Re-Hospitalization Rates*:

- . 16.7% for Pneumonia
- . 21.7% for CHF
- . 19.6% for COPD

Results Summary: 1479 Total Participants

Participant Breakdown: Pneumonia - 439 High Risk, 17 Low Risk; CHF - 859 High Risk, 24 Low Risk; COPD - 620 High Risk, 5 Low Risk



30-Day Nursing Home CMS Quality Measures

- 21.16% of short stay participants were successfully discharged to the community
- 0% of short stay participants had an outpatient emergency department visit
- 8.11% of short stay participants were re-hospitalized for any reason
- 1.22% of short stay participants were re-hospitalized for a cardio-pulmonary reason

^{*}medicare.gov/hospitalcompare

^{*365} other participants were able to benefit from the use of Respiratory Services outside of the Cardio-Pulmonary Program